



PONY PARTNERSHIPS



ANIMAL WELFARE POLICY

Name of Organisation: Pony Partnerships CIC.

Venue/address for which policy applies: All venues

Date of last review: 1st September 2024

Date of next review: 31st August 2025

Name of author: Danielle Mills

Pony Partnerships CIC subscribes to the principles outlined in *The Compassionate Equestrian*, by Schoen and Gordon (2015). These principles are reproduced below.

1. We recognize the sentience (ability to feel pain/pleasure) of horses, as well as all beings. We acknowledge that the horse is a willing, thinking, living being with most of the identical emotion-creating molecules found in human beings. We recognize that the horse has bones, muscle, nerves, and organs, as does a human, and that these structures are just as susceptible to injury, damage, and disease as those of people.
2. We treat animals as we wish to be treated ourselves, with respect and compassion, to the best of our abilities.
3. Compassionate Equitation is based on an underlying foundation of respect, compassion, and loving-kindness.
4. Compassionate Equitation is based on the latest in neuroscience and equitation science, and the benefits of a compassionate brain and heart for all interactions.
5. We make time for self-reflection and re-evaluation of various areas of horsemanship. Do our choices meet basic humane standards of respect for all life?
6. We take a few moments of silence to become heart-centred, allowing for the release of any destructive emotions, prior to working with any horse in any way. This allows both the individual and the horse to interact from a place of inner calm, peace, awareness, and mindfulness, thereby allowing for the most positive, constructive outcome from all interactions between humans and horses.
7. Compassionate Equitation accelerates the evolution of joy, respect, and gratitude between humans and horses, and allows for a more expansive conscious interaction between humans and equine companions.
8. We acknowledge that a peaceful, quiet environment is of benefit. Research suggests that classical and country music are conducive to a peaceful environment for animals.
9. We agree to act with patience, kindness, and consistency, avoiding any intentionally harmful, aggressive, violent behaviours, including actions out of anger or egoic self-interest.
10. We allow for the creation of new, more respectful, humane, and considerate approaches to horsemanship and all training methods.
11. We acknowledge that common sense is a component of compassion. We agree that our hearts be open to the bigger picture of how the horse industry has evolved, and how it will evolve into the future, as kindness, tolerance, and forgiveness are restored to all aspects of the equestrian world.
12. We are committed to educating everyone involved with horses in the understanding of how pain and discomfort are expressed by a horse.
13. We recognize that horses may exhibit subtle behavioural signs of discomfort and pain. These signs could indicate the early onset of potential lameness and lead to chronic, serious problems. We agree to increase our mindfulness, awareness, and understanding of such subtle signals conveyed to us by the horse's silent language.

14. We acknowledge that all beings deserve to live in a holistic, balanced, healthy environment. This is imperative to preventive health care, both physically and mentally, of humans and horses, and includes the creation of barns and environments free of toxic compounds.
15. We embrace a holistic, integrative approach to equine health care, merging the best of conventional and complementary approaches that help horses heal, and relieve their pain and suffering as quickly as possible.
16. We offer the most natural food sources and supplements available.
17. We acknowledge neurobiology and quantum physics as a foundation for interspecies communication, the Transpecies Field Theory, and the Compassionate Field Theory.
18. We acknowledge that compassion is the common foundation shared in the world of equestrian activities. Grounded in individual responsibility, respect, loving-kindness, and a true willingness to alleviate another's suffering; compassion is the unifying force that transcends all labels, beyond breeds, discipline, health care, and medications. The essential question is, "What is the most compassionate choice for our horses, and all involved, in this moment?"
19. We embrace compassionate rehabilitative programs. A cradle-to-cradle equestrian model ensures a humane life from birth to death for all horses.
20. We choose to restore compassion to the centre of all equine-based facilities, horse training techniques, and equestrian sports, and to clearly understand and acknowledge the difference between what constitutes kindness to horses and what does not. We cultivate responsible compassion toward all horses, including those deemed feral, unwanted, "homeless," aged, or unrideable for any reason.
21. We allow for an authentic bond based on compassionate care to form between horses and humans, leading us into a new paradigm of training and understanding that brings our worldwide community of horse lovers together with peace, awakened compassion, and loving-kindness for the good of all.
22. We recognize the importance of applying a life-cycle assessment and sustainability model to the equestrian industry.
23. We acknowledge the importance of healing "old wounds" as an integral foundation of heart-centred horsemanship. Healing old wounds allows us to be the absolute best human beings we can be. Removing these harmful "filters" allows us to see the world with clearer vision, unobscured by destructive patterns and emotions.
24. We acknowledge that by the acceptance and practice of the 25 Principles of Compassionate Equitation, we are on the path to becoming compassionate global citizens and extending the message of The Compassionate Equestrian to the entire world.
25. We acknowledge that forgiveness is a key to healing emotional and psychological wounds, and pain and suffering within ourselves. We recognize the importance of forgiving ourselves, as well as forgiving all others – horses and humans – as a foundation for improving health and happiness. We commit to working on forgiveness within ourselves for the benefit of all beings.

Schoen, A.S., & Gordon, S. (2015). *The compassionate equestrian: 25 principles to live by when caring for and working with horses*. North Pomfret, Vermont: Trafalgar Square Books.

PROTECTION FROM PAIN AND SUFFERING

1. All animals will have an individual feeding requirement, and this will be reviewed on a seasonal basis, i.e., spring, summer, autumn, and winter to run alongside their worming programme. Issues to be addressed weight gain/loss, amount of work each animal is in, breed, weight, and current medical conditions.
2. Each animal is entitled to a clean-living environment be it a stable or field. Stable will be skipped out (or mucked out depending on type of litter) each day and fresh drinking water available. Fields to be poo picked every day and droppings checked. Stables and tools will be completely cleaned every 2 months (if no infections on the yard, then infectious disease process applies) and disinfected using a recommended stable disinfectant. Water and feed buckets will be scrubbed out every day. Hay nets and haylage nets will be checked for holes which could cause

Pony Partnerships CIC (12448033) c/o 84 Cheal Close, Shardlow, Derby, DE72 2DY
07505951793/info@ponypartnerships.com/www.ponypartnerships.com



injury to the animal.

3. Each animal is entitled to safe transportation, lorry/trailer floors will be checked before and after each journey. Lights and indicators will be working to ensure safe road travel and to avoid injury to ourselves or other road users. Tie rings and partitions will also be checked for safe usage.
4. Contagious diseases are a danger to every animal in a confined space – any change in appearance/behaviour will be taken seriously and measures taken straight away. An isolation stable and paddock is available and if in any doubt said animal will be moved there without delay and warning signs put up to stop anyone entering the immediate area.
5. Biosecurity measures will be followed when moving between areas on the farm – when going in with different goats/sheep/alpacas then wellington boots will be worn, and foot wash will be used between areas.
6. Monitoring all animals' wellbeing is part of ownership, using grooming as part of the animals' daily checks. Eyes, ears, nostrils, and genital area will be checked and make sure no cuts/injuries anywhere on the animals' body.
7. Dead animals – call Duncan 07870 528701, if possible, cover the animal so as not to cause distress to people. If the animal is in a stable, make the stable inaccessible.
8. Escaped animals – call the police 101 to advise straight away. Find out where the animal escaped and make good straight away to stop any more taking the same escape route. Try to let the immediate area know you have an escapee and are now working on catching said animal. Have a vet on standby if sedation/treatment is needed (Scarsdale Vets – Farm and Equine, Markeaton Lane, Derby DE22 4NH, 01332 294929).
9. If Animal Activities licence was to be revoked or suspended, then activities would cease until this has been rectified.
10. In the event of an emergency where the premises is to become uninhabitable – all horses to be relocated as soon as possible – horses adopted from Moo-Haven to return to their custody where no other option is available (Linda Hughes, 07812028851). Sheep to go to Jackie Kelly (07804036319). Cat to go to Danielle Mills (07749100818). Donkeys to go back to The Donkey Sanctuary (01395 578222)

FEEDING REGIMES

Spring:

Weigh by tape or weighbridge.

Check general condition and body score.

Is food sufficient for workload? Reduce/increase as required.

Condition of grazing – is hay required in the field?

Worm or worm count is required – wormer given as required.

Summer:

Weigh by tape or weighbridge.

Check general condition and body score.

Is food sufficient for workload? Reduce/increase as required.

Condition of grazing – does the animal need restriction?

Worm or worm count is required – wormer given as required.

Autumn:

Weigh by tape or weighbridge.

Check general condition and body score.

Is food sufficient for workload? Reduce/increase as required.

Condition of grazing – does the animal need restriction?

Worm or worm count is required – wormer given as required.

Pony Partnerships CIC (12448033) c/o 84 Cheal Close, Shardlow, Derby, DE72 2DY
07505951793/info@ponypartnerships.com/www.ponypartnerships.com



Winter:

Weigh by tape or weighbridge.

Check general condition and body score.

Is food sufficient for workload? Reduce/increase as required.

Condition of grazing – is hay required in the field?

Worming required.

Micronised Linseed and or Coolstance Copra any weight gain requirement – must be soaked and clearly marked.

Mint treat bites/Linseed Lozenges available as a 'Thank You' feed please feed in small quantities.

Petting pellets available for individual needs - please refer to each animal's requirement.

Donkey balancer for donkeys.

Labelled supplements.

CLEANING OUT STABLES

Deep litter – remove all droppings, sweep pellets to form a tidy bed, empty, scrub and refill water bucket, take down hay net and fill with hay or haylage depending on animals' requirement. Quick check of stable to make sure no protruding nails/wood to cause an injury.

Muck out – remove all wet and soiled bedding and replace with good, empty, scrub and refill water bucket, take down hay net and fill with hay or haylage depending on animals' requirement. Quick check of stable to make sure no protruding nails/wood to cause an injury.

Check droppings for any indication of change/illness.

All droppings and bedding to be taken to poo pile and emptied at the back of the pile.

Poo pile will be removed at least twice a year, or more often as needed depending on infection control issues.

FIELD

Must be skipped every day and droppings checked for any indication of change/illness. All droppings and bedding to be taken to poo pile and emptied at the back of the pile.

Poo pile will be removed at least once a year, or more often as needed depending on infection control issues.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

At the first sign of any illness, place the animal in the isolation stable and inform the whole yard. Put barriers up to stop anyone coming into contact with the animal, call the vet 01332 294929 immediately; OOH number 01332 294929.

Whilst waiting for the vet make the animal as comfortable as possible but do not administer any medicines.

Spray the area around the isolation stable with the recommended disinfectant, provide a foot dip outside and place straw around the stable and spray with disinfectant recommended by vet – this creates a foot dip for the yard cats should they encroach into the area.

Contact all local livery yards and riding schools once the vet has been and confirmed the illness/condition. If necessary, nominate 1 person to look after the infectious horse and make available a change of clothes should said person need to come into contact with any other animal.

Pony Partnerships CIC (12448033) c/o 84 Cheal Close, Shardlow, Derby, DE72 2DY
07505951793/info@ponypartnerships.com/www.ponypartnerships.com



Foot dips should be used around the yard whilst said animal is contagious and under no circumstances should any tools or buckets be shared. Spray all tools and wheelbarrow with disinfectant after use even though they will not be shared.

INTRODUCING NEW ANIMALS

When introducing new animals to existing groups, it is important to avoid stress to either new or resident animals.

To prevent the spread of disease, new animals will be kept away from existing animals for at least ten days. Newcomers should always be able to see other animals of their species, even if they are isolated.

Fields will be assessed to ascertain whether there is enough space. There should be at least one acre per horse.

Animals will resource guard, so resources such as space, food, the gate, water troughs and shelter will be maximised. There will be space available for an animal to escape others, and potential escape routes for staff to remove animals safely if anything goes wrong.

When new animals arrive, we will explore their new field with them. Any introductions will take place when staff can be around to keep an eye on things and move animals if necessary. Interactions will be monitored. Once the new animal is with their new group, all will be monitored for any new injuries like bites, kicks, cuts, snotty noses, swellings, and lameness, as well as unusual behaviour like lethargy and anxiety. Eating behaviour will also be observed as well as isolated animals.

Pony Partnerships CIC (12448033) c/o 84 Cheal Close, Shardlow, Derby, DE72 2DY
07505951793/info@ponypartnerships.com/www.ponypartnerships.com

